PARISHRAM PUBLICATIONS

Std.: X (English) History & PS Marks: 40 Date: 20-Dec-2019 Time: 2 hour Parishram Academy

		Cna	oter: Ali			
Q.1	(A)	Choose the correct alternative and rewrite th	e sentence.		(3	
	1)	wrote the book entitle Archaeology of a. Karl Marx b. Michel Foucault c. Lu	knowledge. cien Febvre	d. Voltaire		
	Ans.	Michel Foucault wrote the book entitle Archaed	ology of knowledg	ge.		
	2)	used to arrange hiking tours in Maharashtra to explore the sights closely linked to Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj.				
		a. N. S. Inamdar b.Ranjit Desai c. Vishnubhat Godse d.Gopal Neelkanth I)andekar			
	Ans.	Gopal Neelkanth Dandekar used to arrange hinked to Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj.	niking tours in Ma	aharashtra to explore the sights closely		
	3)	Title given to Govind Sakharam Sardesai is a. Riyasatkar b. Pandita c. Mahatma				
	Ans.	Title given to Govind Sakharam Sardesai is Riya	asatkar.			
	(B)	Find the incorrect pair in every set.			(3	
	1)	i. Kutub Minarii. Gol Gumbaziii. Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminusiv. Taj Mahal		- Mehrauli- Bijapur- Delhi- Agra		
	Ans.	Incorrect - Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminu Correct - Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminu				
	2)	ii. George Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel - Reason in	gy of knowledge			
	Ans.	Incorrect - Leopold Von Ranke - Archaeology Correct - Leopold Von Ranke - The Secret of				
	3)	 i. 3rd century - Ashoka ii. 1st century - Copper plates iii. 7th century - King Harsha's biography iv. 12th century - British 				
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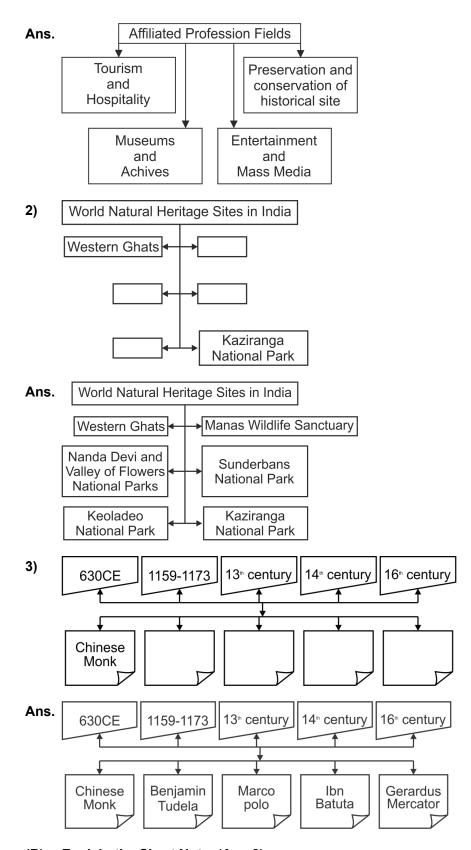
(4)

Ans. Incorrect -12th century - British is a wrong pair

Correct - 12th century - Rajtarangini is a right pair

Q.2 (A) Complete given concept map. (Any 2)

1) Affiliated Profession Fields



(B) Explain the Short Note. (Any 2)

1) Technology

Ans. i. The history of technology helps in understanding the changes and their causes in the field of agricultural production, commodity production, architecture, engineering, etc. Scientific discoveries/inventions and technological advancement are mutually dependent on each other.

ii. The advancement of science promoted the mechanisation of production. It is necessary to know the

(4)

history of technology in order to understand the development of mechanisation and the mutual dependence between science and technology.

2) Warli painting

- **Ans.** i. The traditions of Warli painting and Pingul or *chitrakathi* in Maharashtra are mong the finest, examples of folk style of paintings. Jivya somya Mashe, the artist in thane district has played a great role in making the Warli style of paintings very popular. He has been honoured with a number of national and international awards for his paintings. In the year 2011, he was awarded 'Padmashree'
 - ii. The tradition of *Chitrakathi* is mentioned in Manasollas, a book written by the Chalukya king Someshwara in the 12th century C.E. The tradition of narrating stories from Ramayana or Mahabharata with the help of wooden puppets and paintings is known as, *Chitrakathi* or *Pingul* tradition. The artists and the government are trying to preserve the tradition, which is on the verge of extinction.

Theatre

- **Ans.** i. Theatre can be referred to a place that is devoted to performances, either solo or collective of performing arts.
 - ii. It comprises of several factors such as script, director, artists make-up, costumes, stage, art design, audience and critics.
 - iii. Participation of the artist and the audience is necessary for the successful performance for the successful of a play.
 - iv. A play is usually enacted with the help of dialogues.

Q.3 Explain the statements with reasons. (Any 2)

(4)

- 1) Maza Pravas is an important source of history.
- Ans. i. Vishnubhant Godse in his travelogue wrote about his journey to Ayodhya and back to Maharashtra.
 - He published a book, called 'Maza Pravas' in which he gave an eye witness account of events which unfolded during the Indian War of Independence in 1857.
 - He gave full detailed descriptions about various incidences during that period, especially on the life of the Queen of Jhansi Lakshmibai.
 - iv. His writings give us an idea about the nature at the Marathi language in the 18th century.
 - v. It is considered as an important source of history.
- 2) Currently the structure of sports economy has been significantly affected.
- **Ans.** i. The process of globalization has influenced the field of sports in the 20th 21st century.
 - ii. The live telecast of several international sports events like Olympic, Asiad, Common Wealth Games and matches of various sports like cricket, football, lawn tennis are shown.
 - Sports fans scattered all over the world have significantly affected the entire structure of sports economy.
 - iv. The sportsmen watch matches to learn from them, while fan watch matches for entertainment.
 - v. Retired players get a chance on television channels as commentators.
 - Industrial and commercial companies use these matches as a great opportunity to advertise their ware.
- 3) Foucault called his method, 'the archaeology of knowledge'.
- **Ans.** i. The prevailing practice of arranging historical events in a chronological order is not right according to Faucault.
 - ii. He drew attention to the fact that archaeology does not strive to reach the ultimate historical truth but

attempts to explain various transitions in the past.

- iii. Foucault felt that explaining the transitions in history is more important.
- iv. He called his method, the archaeology of knowledge.
- **4)** Archives and libraries publish research journals, informative pamplets, leaflets, posters etc.

Ans. i. The source of history and all the books of history that are available today are the result of diligent work of several historians.

- ii. Institutes like libraries, museums and archives conserve and preserve this special historical heritage.
- iii. There documents are our historical treasure and should be accessible to people.
- iv. libraries not only pressure these documents but also carry out research to know the authenticity.
- v. They also publish research journals informative pamphlets, leaflets, posters etc.

Q.4 Read the following passage and answer the question based on it.

(4)

Till the eighteenth century C.E. Europe had achieved a remarkable progress in the fields of Philosophy and Science. Scholars by then had come to believe in the possibility of studying the social and historical truths by applying scientific methods. Now the philosophical discussions focused more and more on the objectivity in history and historiography.

Prior to the eighteenth century all European universities were interested only in the philosophical discourses revolving around Divine phenomena. However, gradually this scenario began to change. In 1737 C.E. the Gottingen University was founded in Germany. This university for the first time had an independent department of history. Later, other German universities also became centres of historical studies.

- 1. How scholars came to know about historical truths?
- 2. Which university had an independent department of history and when?
- 3. Explain development of scientific perspective and Historiography.

Ans. i. Scholars believe in the possibility of studying the social and historical truth by applying scientific methods.

- ii. Gottingen University was founded in Germany in 1737 C.E. had an independent department of history.
- iii. a. In the development of the history of science, the histories of the individual scientific disciplines have played an enormously significant role.
 - b. The goals and functions of these have recently received considerable attention.
 - c. Also alternative approaches along with advantages and disadvantages are also the subject of debate.
 - d. Even studying the social and historical truths by applying scientific methods is possible.

Q.5 Answer in brief. (Any 2)

(6)

- 1) On what the ferminist literature of the post independence era concentrated?
- **Ans.** The feminist literature of the post independence era concentrated on the issues like employment of women, treatment meted out to them at their work place, their right to political equality etc.
- 2) Why is library management important?

Ans. Library is not just about a collection of books but managing it is equally important.

- Readers can easily get the books they want if the library is properly organised.
- ii. The location of the book should be easily traced.
- iii. It saves the time and efforts of readers as well as the librarian.
- iv. Preservation and conservation of books is done effectively with proper management.

- v. It prolongs life of books and causes less damage.
- If the librarian is well acquainted he or she will have good collection that will make available good vi. quality books to reader.
- lnstead of collecting books on one subject there should be variety in the collection so as to cater to choices of different readers.
- Facilities like proper catalogues, indexes, computerised systems and modern facilities are provided viii. by effective management of library.
- If the management is creative it will organise exhibitions, advertise, have seasonal offers for vacations, conduct competitions to increase membership.
- x. A library will become a hub of activities rather than stand in isolation.
- 3) Why do we need mass media?
- **Ans.** i. We need mass media to facilitate free flow of information to all strata of the society.
 - ii. Editorials, various columns and supplements are essential parts of newspapers.
 - iii. Readers are also ensured of a platform to voice their opinions.
 - iv. Newspapers can help in making the democracy stronger.
 - v. Television is an audio-visual medium.
 - vi. It was possible for this medium to across the inherent limitations of newspapers and the radio and show the actual visuals of an event to people.
 - vii. So far, there is no other alternative than television is available for watching an event as it actually happened.
- 4) Mass media and professional opportunities.
- **Ans.** i. Newspapers have to fulfill the task of providing fresh news to its readers.
 - ii. It is also necessary to unfold the back ground of an event in the news.
 - iii. While reporting news in detail reporters try to compare it with parallel events, which happened in the past.
 - iv. The past event may be printed in a separate frame.
 - v. Thus the reader gets access to additional information and he can get better insights about the current news.
 - vi. People with deep knowledge of history of the respective field like newspapers, Akashwani, Television, and channels like discovery, national geography and history are sought out in all the fields mentioned above.

		POLITICAL	SCIENCE						
6		Choose the	correct alte	ernative and	d rewrite the se	entence.			(2
	1)	It is necessa a. voting	ry that polition b. confere	•	hould hold . measures	at the org	ganisational level.		
	Ans.	It is necessa	ry that polition	cal parties s	hould hold elect	t ion at the org	anisational level.		
	2)			n Constitutio c. 324	on created the in d. 301	ndependent bo	ody of Election Cor	mmission.	

Ans. Article **324** of Indian Constitution created the independent body of Election Commission.

Q.7 State true or false with reasons. (Any 2)

Q.

1) Political paries can be described as a group of people who aim to contest elections and get power to establish the government.

(4)

Ans. True

Political party share common opinion and decided their strategy about various public matter. All the members of a political party accept the policy of the party.

2) Consumer movement came into existence.

Ans. The above statement is **True**.

- i. The consumers have to face different problems because of changing economy and social system.
- Adulteration, increased cost of products and faulty weights and measures are some of the problems faced by the consumers.
- iii. To protect the consumers from such frauds the Consumer Protection Act was passed in 1986.
- iv. The Consumers Protection movement was started to create awareness among the consumers about their rights and their safety.
- 3) Under special circumstances the Election Commission holds re-elections in a particular constituency for a second time.
- **Ans.** Under special circumstances the Election Commission holds re-elections in a particular constituency for a second time. **True**

Reasons:- The election commission has the responsibility of resolving any disputes that may arise regarding elections and reconduct selection in a particular constituency

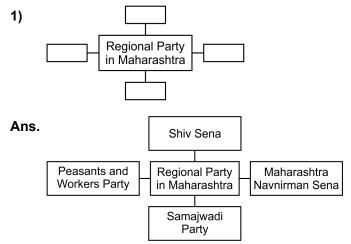
Q.8 A) Explain the concepts. (Any 1)

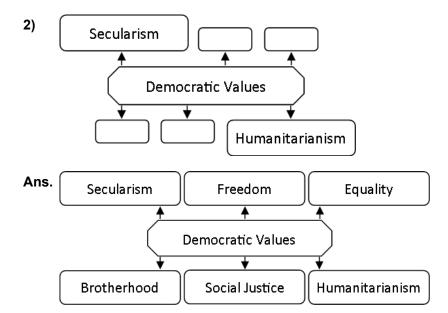
(2)

- 1) The basic framework of the constitution
- Ans. i. Constitution is dynamic and a living document.
 - Constitution has to change according to changing conditions and parliament has a power to make those changes.
 - iii. Judiciary accepted this power of parliament to make changes in the constitution but at the same time specified the limitations on this power.
 - Judiciary took a stand that parliament while amending the constitution cannot alter the basic structure of the constitution.
- 2) Communalism and terrorism.
- **Ans.** Religious conflict and the resultant terrorism is one of the major challenges before Indian democracy. Social stability gets hampered due to increasing religious hostility. People's participation in democratic process reduces to a great extent due to terrorism.

B) Complete the following activity. (Any One)

(2)





Q.9 Answer the following questions in brief. (Any 1)

- 1) What is meant by representation?
- Ans. i. Modern democracy is a representative democracy.
 - ii. In democracy it is not possible to involve entire population in the decision making process.
 - This resulted in the beginning of the practice of electing some people on behalf of entire population as representatives who would run the government.
- 2) Which factors are required for the success of democracy in India?
- Ans. i Majority opinion has a lot of importance in Democracy. In a democracy, Political party getting majority of votes comes to power. Parliament takes all decisions by majority. Democracy aims at the welfare of majority of people. When the importance is given to majority it is possible that injustice may be done to those who are marginal and who are in minority. Though democracy is a government by majority, minorities should also be included in the process of decision making. It is the duty of government to take into consideration the interests of minorities. In short, in democratic government everyone's opinion should be considered important. Similarly majority government should not be the government of majority community. All religious, linguistic, ethnic and caste groups should get equal opportunity to participate in the decision-making process.
 - ii. Judiciary in India is seen to be making conscious efforts to make political process transparent. To prevent criminalisation of politics, judiciary has adopted measures like strict punishment to criminals and prohibiting criminals from participating in political process.
 - iii. To make democracy successful in India, it is not just sufficient to make efforts at the level of government, administration and judiciary. Everyone at social and individual level should make conscious efforts towards it. Education for All campaign, Clean Bharat campaign, Gram Samruddhi Yojana, Self-help Groups, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme and such other projects are undertaken at the level of Government and Administration. To increase political participation of women, 50% seats are kept reserved in local selfgoverning institutions.
 - iv. To make Indian democracy truly successful, it is essential to increase participation of people at all levels. If such participation increases especially at the level of the government it will help in changing public policies. Public policies are made through interaction with the people. Interaction with those who are not in power is also important for the success of democracy. The values of equality, liberty, social justice, secularism should be respected and implemented even in our personal life. For the success of democracy, everyone should keep in mind that we are responsible citizens of the nation.

(2)