

Central Board of Secondary Education

(CBSE)
Board Examination - (March)

Series : EPB20

Set

B

Code No. - SST-087

Roll No.

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Candidates must write the code on the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 4 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 26 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.

FINAL EXAMINATION

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time allowed : 3 hours

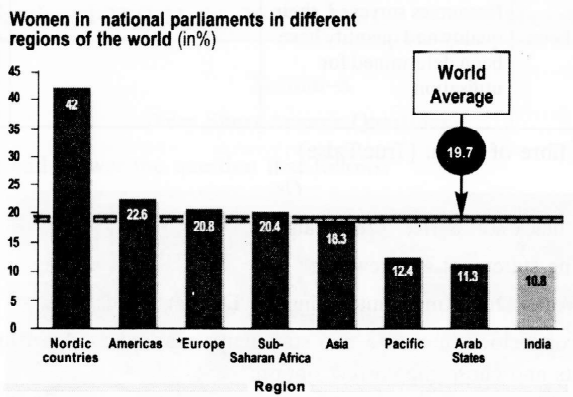
Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions :

- (a) The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- (b) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (c) Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.
- (d) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- (e) Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- (f) Question number 35 is a map question of 6 marks with two parts - 35(a) from History (2 marks) and 35(b) from Geography (4 marks).

SECTION - A

- 1) Match the following items given in Column A with those in Column B. Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
- | Column A | | Column B | |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| (A) | La patrie | (i) | Free |
| (B) | Elle | (ii) | The fatherland |
| (C) | Liber | (iii) | A cultural movement |
| (D) | Romanticism | (iv) | Measuring unit of cloth in Germany |
- Options :-
- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (a) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (b) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (c) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (d) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
- (1)
- 2) In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option :
- Assertion (A) :** India has multi-party system.
Reason (R) : It is because the social and geographical diversity in such a large country is not easily absorbed by two or even three parties.
- Options :**
- (a) A is correct but R is wrong.
(b) A is wrong but R is correct.
(c) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(d) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (1)
- 3) Countries with per capita income of US\$ 12,056 per annum and above in 2017, are called _____ countries.
(a) Under developed (b) Low middle income (c) Rich (d) Poor (1)
- OR**
- Different persons could have different as well as conflicting notions of a country's development. A fair and just path for all should be achieved which is _____.
- (a) Social development (b) Cultural development
(c) National development (d) Economic development (1)
- 4) What kind of movement was launched by the tribal peasants of Gudem Hills in Andhra Pradesh ?
(a) Satyagraha movement (b) Militant Guerrilla Movement
(c) Non-violent movement (d) None of the above. (1)
- 5) _____ is referred to as social division based on shared culture.
OR
The third level government of Belgium is called _____ government. (1)
- 6) Which one of the following statements is incorrect ?
(a) Cotton is a natural product and cloth is a manufactured product.
(b) GDP is the total value of all final goods and services produced during a particular year.
(c) Public sector aims at earning maximum profits.
(d) Workers have job security in organised sector. (1)
- 7) If you get a job in a far off place, before accepting it you would try to consider many factors, apart from income, such as facilities for your family, working atmosphere, or opportunity to learn. Analyse the information given above, considering one of the following correct option.
(a) Different people may have different developmental goals.
(b) For development people look at a mix of goals.
(c) There should be equitable distribution of development.
(d) Money cannot buy all the goods and services you may need to live well. (1)

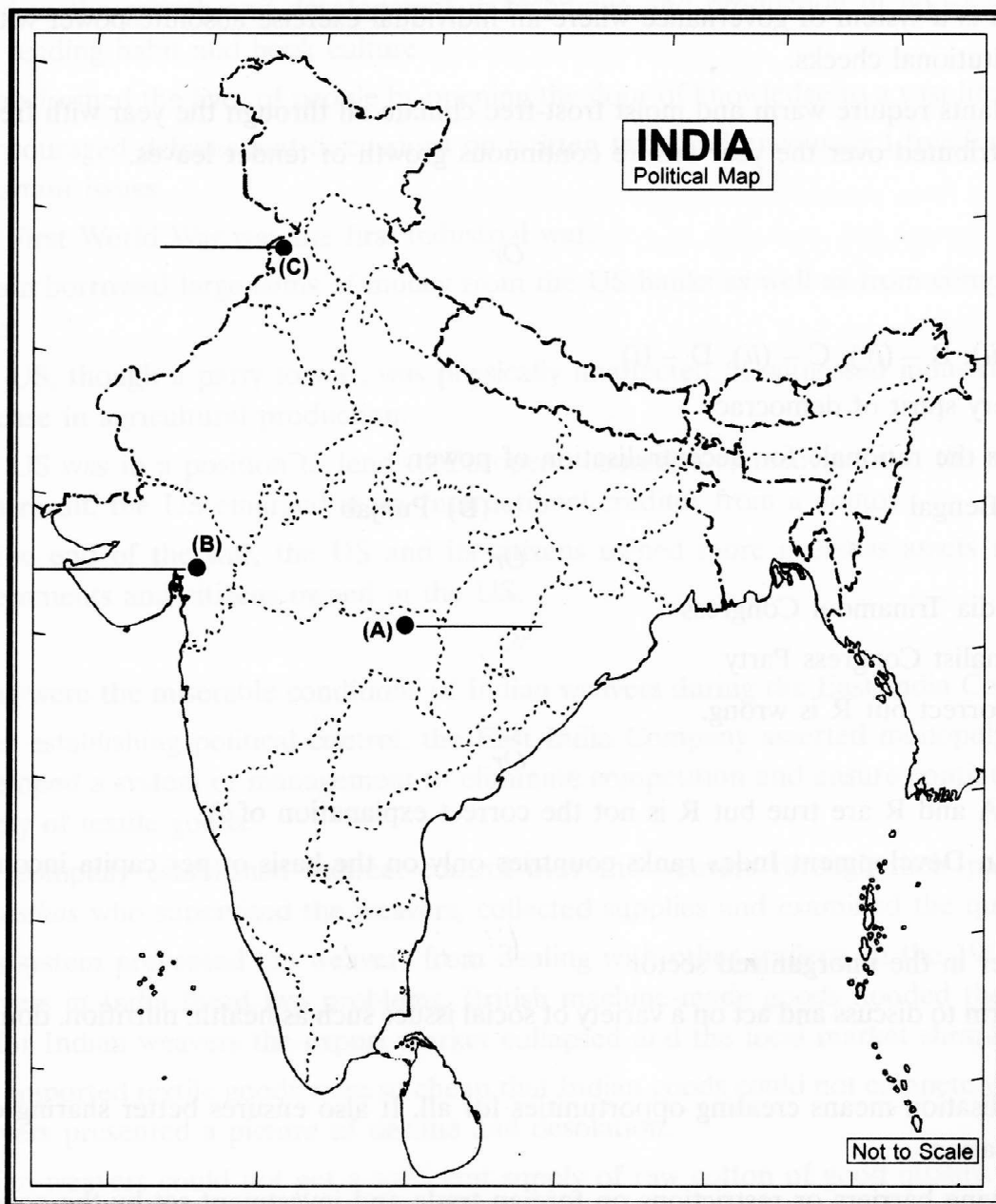
8)	Who were the 'Junkers' ?	(1)	
9)	Power sharing is (a) the very spirit of democracy (c) system of checks and balances	(b) separation of powers at different levels. (d) a type of balancing powers.	(1)
10)	Which of the following statement defines Liberalisation correctly ? (a) Development in terms of information technology (b) Removing barriers or restrictions on foreign trade and investment set by the government (c) MNCs earning huge profits through trade. (d) Setting up big trade outlets in different cities of a country.	(1)	
11)	Identify the appropriate reason why did Gandhiji take up the Khilafat issue from the options given below : (a) He wanted to bring the Muslims into the freedom struggle. (b) Muslims feared to join the freedom movement. (c) He wanted to bring Hindus and Muslims closer together for a united movement. (d) He wanted to decrease import of foreign goods.	(1)	
12)	What is a cheque ?	(1)	
13)	How are the MNCs spreading their production across the globe ?	(1)	
14)	Digital transactions are made through internet, ATM cards, credit cards and POS swipe machines. (True/False) OR In India, during November 2016, currency notes in the denomination of Rs.500 and Rs.1,000 were declared invalid. (True / False)	(1)	
15)	Study the picture and answer the question that follows :  <p>The image above depicts the percentage of women in national parliaments in different regions of the world. What can be done to increase the proportion of women in legislatures specially in India ?</p>	(1)	
16)	Who invented the Spinning Jenny ? (a) Richard Arkwright (c) James Watt	(b) James Hargreaves (d) Andrew Yule	(1)
17)	Define 'despotism'.	(1)	
18)	Find the incorrect option : (a) Human Development Index, is a tool, used to measure a country's overall achievements in economic and social dimensions. (b) Human Development Index, ranks countries only on the basis of per capita income. (c) There are three variables of Human Development Index. (d) None of these.	(1)	

19)	When we produce a good by exploiting natural resources, it is an activity of the _____ sector. (1)
20)	The tertiary sector is also called the _____ sector. (1)
<u>SECTION - B</u>	
21)	Highlight any three innovations which have improved the printing technology from 19th century onwards. (3)
22)	How is Body Mass Index calculated ? Why is it important ? OR Highlight any three features of sustainable development. (3)
23)	State how women face discrimination and oppression. (3)
24)	State any three provisions of the Civil Code of 1804. (3)
25)	What are the reasons why banks are not willing to lend to certain borrowers ? OR 'Self Help Groups are emerging as an important source of credit.' Evaluate. (3)
26)	How did the Treaty of Vienna (1815) come into being ? (3)
27)	"The credit activities of the informal sectors should be discouraged." Support the statement with arguments. OR Enumerate the status of employment in India. (3)
28)	Mention any three factors which play a very important role in turning a mineral reserve into a mine. (3)
<u>SECTION - C</u>	
29)	Read the extract and answer the question that follows : <i>About hundred years ago there were few countries of the world that had any political party. Now there are few that do not have parties. Why did political parties become so omnipresent in democracies all over the world ?</i> (a) What are political parties ? (b) State any two important functions performed by the political parties. (c) Why do we need political parties ? State any two reasons. (1+2+2)
30)	How are the powers divided between the states and centres ? Explain with examples. OR How is federation practised in India ? (5)
31)	Describe the provisions of amendment made in Indian Constitution in 1992 for making 'Three tier' government more effective and powerful. (5)
32)	Explain with examples, how mining and over irrigation are responsible for land degradation ? (5)
33)	"Caste system is very much inherent in politics." Justify. OR Explain how production today is organised in an increasingly complex way by a MNC with the help of an example. (5)
34)	How did the people and the colonial government react to the Civil Disobedience Movement ? Explain. (5)

MAP BASED QUESTIONS

35.a) Three features (a), (b) and (c) are marked on the given outline political map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names :
(a) Place where Indian National Congress session was held in December 1920.
(b) Place associated with Peasant Satyagraha.
(c) Place associated with Jallianwala Bagh incident. (2)

b) On the outline map of India, locate and label any four of the following with suitable symbols.
(a) Major Sea Port in Odisha. (b) Pune Software Technology Park
(c) Salem Iron and Steel Plant (d) Singrauli Thermal Power Plant
(e) Chhatrapati Shivaji Airport (4)



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